

UNDER SECRETARY OF DEFENSE 4000 DEFENSE PENTAGON WASHINGTON, D.C. 20301-4000



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MEMORANDUM FOR SECRETARIES OF THE MILITARY DEPARTMENTS

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SUBJECT: Department of Defense (DoD) Policy for Implementation of Domestic Violence Misdemeanor Amendment to the Gun Control Act for Military Personnel

This directive-type memorandum establishes DoD policy for implementing the domestic violence amendment to the Gun Control Act of 1968 (18 U.S.C. §§ 922(d)(9) and (g)(9)) for military personnel. It supersedes the memorandum of October 22, 1997, on this subject that provided interim DoD policy. DoD Components shall take all reasonable and necessary steps to implement this policy with regard to military personnel. For the purposes of this policy, the DoD Components include the Office of the Secretary of Defense, the Military Departments, the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the Combatant Commands, the Inspector General of the Department of Defense, the DoD Field Activities, and all other organizational entities of the Department of Defense.

The domestic violence amendment makes it a felony for any person to sell or otherwise dispose of firearms or ammunition to any person whom he or she knows or has reasonable cause to believe has been convicted of a "misdemeanor crime of domestic violence" (18 U.S.C. § 922(d)(9)). The amendment also prohibits anyone who has been convicted of a misdemeanor crime of domestic violence from shipping or transporting in interstate or foreign commerce, or possessing in or affecting commerce, any firearm or ammunition; or receiving any firearm or ammunition which has been shipped or transported in interstate or foreign commerce (18 U.S.C. § 922(g)(9)). (See attachment for definition of terms used in this memorandum.)

The law applies to misdemeanor crimes of domestic violence only. For purposes of this memorandum, however, a "qualifying conviction" also includes a conviction for a "crime of



domestic violence" tried by general or special court-martial which otherwise meets the definition of a misdemeanor crime of domestic violence. Further, as a matter of DoD policy, a conviction for an offense meeting the definition of a "felony crime of domestic violence" adjudged on or after the date of this memorandum shall be considered a qualifying conviction for purposes of this memorandum. The term "qualifying conviction" does not include summary court-martial convictions, imposition of nonjudicial punishment (Article 15, UCMI), or deferred prosecutions or similar alternative dispositions in civilian courts.

Each Military Department shall implement a program to periodically inform its military personnel of the domestic violence amendment to the Gun Control Act, its consequences, and this policy. Information provided shall include notice that personnel have an affirmative, continuing obligation to inform commanders or supervisors if they have, or later obtain, a qualifying conviction and that the revised DD Form 2760 (attached), which states that any statements made on the form will not be used in a prosecution for violating the Gun Control Act, is available. All DoD components shall post notices about the domestic violence amendment and DoD implementing policy in all facilities in which Government firearms or ammunition are stored, issued, disposed of, and transported.

If in implementing this policy a Military Department chooses to require that all or some of its military personnel certify whether or not they have a qualifying conviction, the DD Form 2760 shall be used for such certifications. Even if certification is not required, DD Form 2760 shall be made available for those personnel who come forward to report a qualifying conviction in compliance with their obligation to do so. The use of this form and the protections it affords have been approved in accordance with Section E of the 1984 Memorandum of Understanding Between the Departments of Justice and Defense Relating to the Investigation and Prosecution of Certain Crimes (see DoD Directive 5525.7). Each Military Department shall issue regulations governing how completed forms are to be filed and maintained to ensure they are retrievable if needed.

The Military Departments' procedures to discover whether an applicant for military service has a qualifying conviction for a crime of domestic violence shall continue in effect. Individuals with such convictions shall not be granted a waiver for entrance into military service.

In the case of all members found to have a qualifying conviction, appropriate authority will immediately retrieve all Government-issued firearms and ammunition, suspend the member's authority to possess government issued firearms or ammunition, and advise them to dispose of their privately owned firearms and ammunitions lawfully. These actions shall also be taken if there is reasonable cause to believe a military member has a qualifying conviction.

Consistent with applicable law and regulations, the Military Departments may promulgate regulations governing permanent adverse personnel actions, including discharge, that may be taken with respect to service members who have a qualifying conviction. Separation of military personnel shall comply with existing statutory military retirement sanctuaries (See 10 U.S.C. § 1176(a)(regular and reserve members); 10 U.S.C. § 637(a)(5)(regular officers); 10 U.S.C. § 580(a)(4)(C)(regular warrant officers); 10 U.S.C. § 12646(e)(1)(reserve commissioned officers); 10 U.S.C. § 12686 (reserves on active duty). A service member in any of these

sanctuaries who has a "qualifying conviction" and would otherwise be separated under Military Department regulations shall be given meaningful duties that do not entail access to firearms or ammunition until they are retired upon first attaining eligibility.

DoD Components may afford military personnel who have qualifying convictions a reasonable time to obtain an expungement or pardon of the qualifying conviction. If time is granted to a service member for this purpose, however, DoD Components shall retrieve all Government-owned or issued firearms and ammunition and suspend the service member's authority to possess firearms and ammunition until an expungement or pardon is obtained.

Military Departments shall issue policies and procedures to ensure compliance with the domestic violence amendment to the Gun Control Act with respect to privately owned firearms under Government control or permitted in Government quarters. Policies and procedures shall also be issued governing the transfer of firearms and ammunition to individuals in morale, welfare, and recreation activities and other Government-sponsored or sanctioned activities.

If a completed security clearance investigation reveals that a military member has a qualifying conviction, the investigation shall be referred to the requesting DoD component for action consistent with this policy.

The actions required by this memorandum apply outside United States territory as a matter of policy. The Department has not construed the amendment to apply to major military weapon systems or "crew served" military weapons and ammunition (tanks, missiles, aircraft, etc.).

The Military Departments are requested to forward copies of their implementing instructions or regulations not later than 120 days from the date of this memorandum.

This memorandum is effective immediately. A DoD Directive or Instruction incorporating the substance of this memorandum will be issued within 120 days.

David S. C. Chu

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Attachments: As stated

DEFINITION OF KEY TERMS Ded IMPLEMENTATION OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE AMENDMENT

For purposes of the DoD policy to implement the domestic violence amendment to the Gun Control Act of 1968, the following definitions shall apply:

- The term "firearm" means (A) any weapon (including a starter gun) which will, or is designed to, or may readily be converted to, expel a projectile by the action of an explosive; (B) the frame or receiver of any such weapon; and (C) any firearm muffler or firearm silencer; or (D) any destructive device. However, it does not include major military weapons systems or "crew served" military weapons (tanks, missiles, aircraft, etc.)
- The term "destructive device" means (A) any explosive, incendiary, or poison gas bomb, greaade, mine, or any such rocket having a propellant charge of more than four ounces, or any such missile having an explosive or incendiary charge of more than one-quarter ounce, or any device similar to any of the devices described in the preceding clauses; (B) any type of weapon by whatever name known which will, or which may be readily converted to, expel a projectile by the action of an explosive or other propellant, and which has any barrel with a bore of more than one-half inch in diameter; and (C) any combination of parts either designed or intended for use in converting any device into any destructive device described in subparagraph (A) or (B) and from which a destructive device may be readily assembled.

 Provided, however, that the term "destructive device" shall not include any device which is neither designed nor redesigned for use as a weapon nor shall include any device, although originally designed as a weapon, which is redesigned for use as a signaling, pyrotechnic, line throwing, safety, or similar device.
- The term "ammunition" means ammunition or cartridge cases, primers, bullets, or propellant powder designed for use in any firearm. However, it does not include ammunition for major military weapon systems or "crew served" military weapons systems.
- The term "possession" includes both "active possession" and "constructive possession," whether authorized or unauthorized. Active possession of a firearm or ammunition exists when the firearm or ammunition is in the immediate possession of the person. Constructive possession exists when a person does not have actual possession but instead knowingly has the power and at a given time to exercise dominion and control over the firearm or ammunition, either directly or through others. Possession need not be exclusive but may be joint with others.
- The term "reasonable cause" means that there is reliable information that a reasonable, prudent person would rely on which makes it more likely than not that the individual has a qualifying conviction.
- The term "receive" means to obtain, to take, to accept, to acquire, or to come into possession
 of.

- The term "dispose" means to exercise control over, to direct or to assign for use, or to alienate, bargain away, bestow, convey, exchange, give away, or transfer by authority.
- The term "transport" means to move, convey, carry, by any means, or to deliver or receive for the purpose of movement or conveyance.
- The term "ship" means the transportation, or the effecting of transportation, without limitation as to the means or facilities used or with respect to the person to whom any shipment is made.
- The term "interstate or foreign commerce" includes commerce between any place in a state and any place outside of that state, or within any possession of the United States (not including the Canal Zone) or the District of Columbia, but such term does not include commerce between places within the same state but through any place outside of that state.
- The term "crime of domestic violence" means an offense that has as its factual basis, the use or attempted use of physical force, or threatened use of a deadly weapon; committed by a current or former spouse, parent, or guardian of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse, parent, or guardian, or by a person similarly situated to a spouse, parent or guardian of the victims.
 - The term "misdemeanor crime of domestic violence" is a "crime of domestic violence" that is classified as a misdemeanor under State or Federal law.
 - The term "felony crime of domestic violence" is a "crime of domestic violence" that is classified as a felony under State or Federal law.
 - The term "qualifying conviction" applies to any of the following: (1) a State or Pederal conviction for a "misdemeanor crime of domestic violence;" (2) a State or Pederal conviction for a "felony crime of domestic violence" adjudged on or after the date of this memorandum, and (3) any general or special court-martial conviction for a Uniform Code of Military Justice offense which otherwise meets the elements of a "crime of domestic violence," even though not classified as a misdemeanor or felony.

A person shall not be considered to have a qualifying conviction unless the convicted offender was represented by counsel, or knowingly and intelligently waived the right to counsel and, if entitled to have the case tried by jury or before court-members, the case was actually tried by a jury or court members or the person knowingly and intelligently waived the right to have the case tried by a jury or court members, and:

A person shall not be considered to have a qualifying conviction if the conviction has been expunged or set aside, or the convicted offender has been pardoned for the offense or had civil rights restored, unless the pardon, expungement, or restoration of civil rights provides that the person may not ship, transport, possess, or receive firearms.

QUALIFICATION TO POSSESS FIREARMS OR AMMUNITION

PRIVACY ACT STATEMENT

AUTHORITY: 18 U.S.C. 922(g)(9); E.O. 9397.

PRINCIPAL PURPOSE(S): To obtain information to determine if you have been convicted of a crime of domestic violence which would disqualify you from shipping, transporting, possessing or receiving either Government-issued or private finearms or ammunition and to determine if reseasignment, reclassification, detail or other administrative action is warranted. Your Social Security Number is solicited solely for purposes of verifying your identity.

ROUTINE USE(S): To the Department of Justice so that such information can be included in the National Instant Criminal Background Check System which may be used by firearm licensees (importers, manufacturers or dealers) to determine whether individuals are qualified to receive or possess firearms and ammunition.

DISCLOSURE: Mandatory for all personnel who are required to certify. Failure to provide the information may result in (1) (military only) the imposition of criminal or administrative penalties for failing to obey a lawful order, and (2) (civilian only) the imposition of administrative penaltes, to include removal from Federal service. However, neither your answers nor information or evidence gained by reason of your answers can be used against you in any criminal prosecution for a violation of Title 18, United States Coda, Section 92:2(g)(9), including (military only) prosecutions under the Uniform Code of Military Justice, based on a violation of Section 92:2(g)(9), for conduct which occurred prior to the completion of this form. The answers you furnish and any information resulting therefrom, however, may be used egainst you in a criminal or administrative proceedings if you knowingly and willfully provide false statements or information.

SECTION 1 - INSTRUCTIONS

An amendment to the Gun Control Act of 1968 (18 U.S.C. 922) makes it a felony for anyone who has been convicted of a misdemeanor crime of domestic violence to ship, transport. possess, or receive firearms or ammunition. It is also a felony for any person to sell or otherwise dispose of a firearm to any person so convicted.

The Department of Defense has, by policy, expanded the prohibitions contained in Title 18 Section 922(g)(9) to those military or civilian personnel who have felony convictions for crimes of domestic violence. Convictions of crimes of domestic violence do not include summary court-martial convictions, the imposition of nonjudicial punishment (Article 15, UCMJ), or deferred prosecutions (or similar alternative dispositions) in civilian courts. Furthermore, a person shall not be considered as having committed a "crime of domestic violence" for purposes of the firearms restriction of the Gun Control Act unless all of the following elements are present:

- (1) the person was convicted of a crime:
- (2) the offense has as its factual basis the use or attempted use of physical force, or threatened use of a deadly weapon;
- (3) the convicted offender was at the time of the offense: (a) a current or former spouse, parent or guardian of the victim.
 - (b) a person with whom the victim shared a child in common,

- (c) a person who was cohabiting with or has cohabited with the victim as a spouse, parent, or guardian, or
- (d) a person who was similarly situated to a spouse, parent, or quardian of the victim:
- (4) the convicted offender was represented by counsel, or knowingly and intelligently waived the right to counsel;
- (5) if entitled to have the case tried by jury, the case was actually tried by jury or the person knowingly and intelligently waived the right to have the case tried by jury:
- (6) the conviction has not been expunged or set aside, or the convicted offender has not been pardoned for the offense or had civil rights restored, unless the pardon, expungement, or restoration of civil rights provides that the person may not ship, transport, possess or receive firearms.

If you have ever received a domestic violence conviction: (1) you may not possess any firearm or ammunition; and (2) you must return any Government-issued firearm or ammunition to your commander or immediate supervisor; and (3) you must take steps to relinquish possession of any privately owned firearms or ammunition. Furthermore, any previously issued authorization to possess a firearm or ammunition is revoked.

If you have any questions, or you are uncertain if you have such a conviction, you may wish to contact a legal assistance attorney, if eligible, or a private attorney, at your own expense.

SECTION II - QUAL	IFICATION INQUIRY (Compl	ete and return to your commender or imm	nediete supervisor within 10 days of receipt)
1. HAVE YOU EVER	BEEN CONVICTED OF A CRIME	OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE AS DESCRIBE	D ABOVE: (Initial and date)
YES NO I DON'T KNOW (P explanation on re		I DON'T KNOW (Provide explanation on reverse)	
2. IF YOU ANSWERE	D "YES" TO THE FIRST QUEST	TION, PROVIDE THE FOLLOWING INFORM	MATION WITH RESPECT TO THE CONVICTION:
a. COURT/JURISDICTION			b. DOCKET/CASE NUMBER
c. STATUTE/CHARGE			d. DATE SENTENCED (YYYYMMDD)
administrative proc Uniform Code of N	24 in good taltin. I understand ti 28edings, to include (if civilian) :	hat false or fraudulent information provide adverse action, up to and including remove tand that I have a continuing obligation to	Information provided by me is true, correct, and herein may be grounds for criminal and/or al, and (if military) disciplinary action under the prinform my Commander or Supervisor should I
e. NAME (Last, First,		b. RANK/GRADE	c. SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER
d. ORGANIZATION		d. SIGNATURE	e. DATE SIGNED
DD FORM 2760.	DEC 2002	PREVIOUS EDITION IS OBSOLETE	

PREVIOUS EDITION IS OBSOLETE